

The Evolution of Deep Convective Cloud Kinematic Properties over the Amazon Rainforest with Cloud Lifetime

Siddhant Gupta¹, Dié Wang¹, Scott Giangrande¹, Thiago Biscaro²,
Michael Jensen¹

¹Brookhaven National Laboratory, ²National Institute for Space Research, Brazil

October 24, 2022

2022 ARM/ASR Joint User Facility and PI Meeting

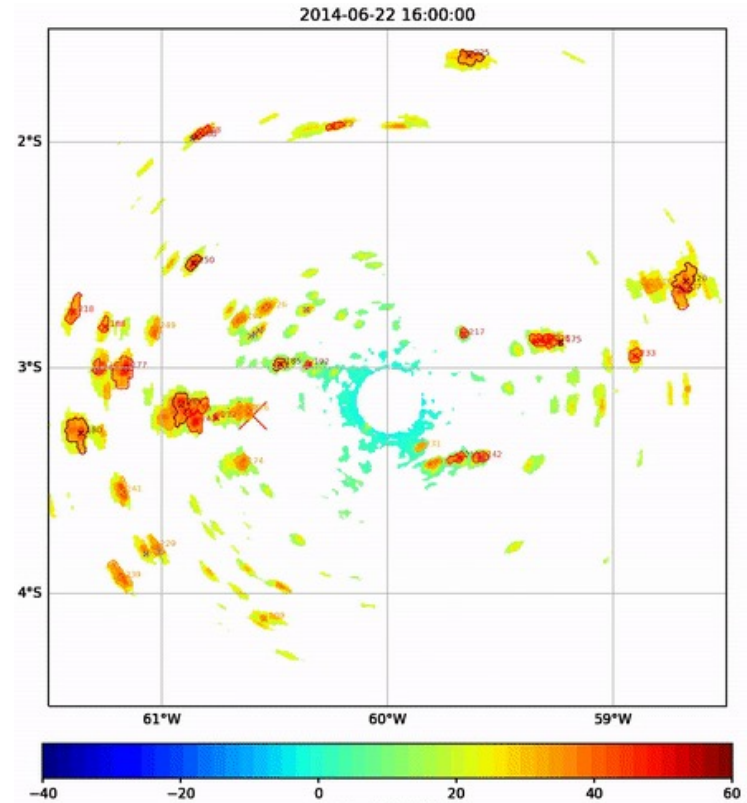
Introduction

Aerosol effects on deep convective cloud (DCC) vigor and underlying processes are uncertain

Limited observations of updrafts and mass flux over cloud lifetime

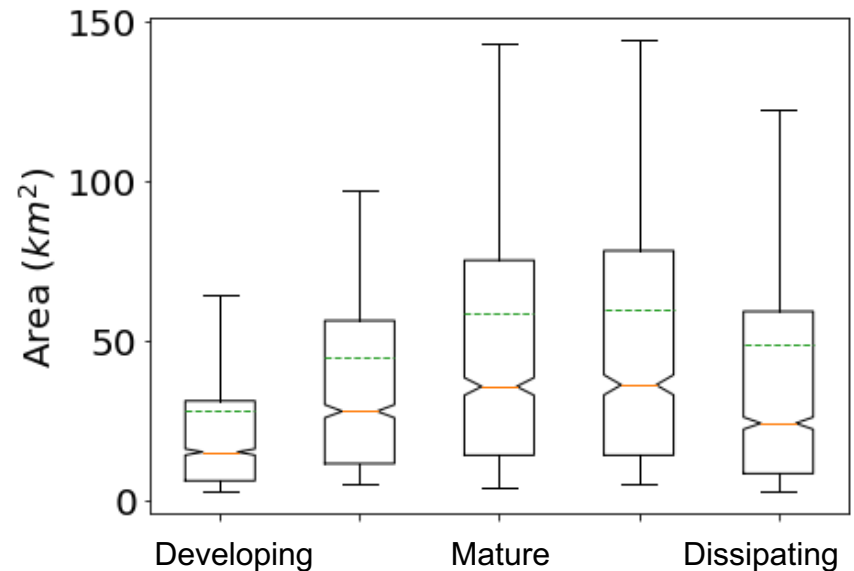
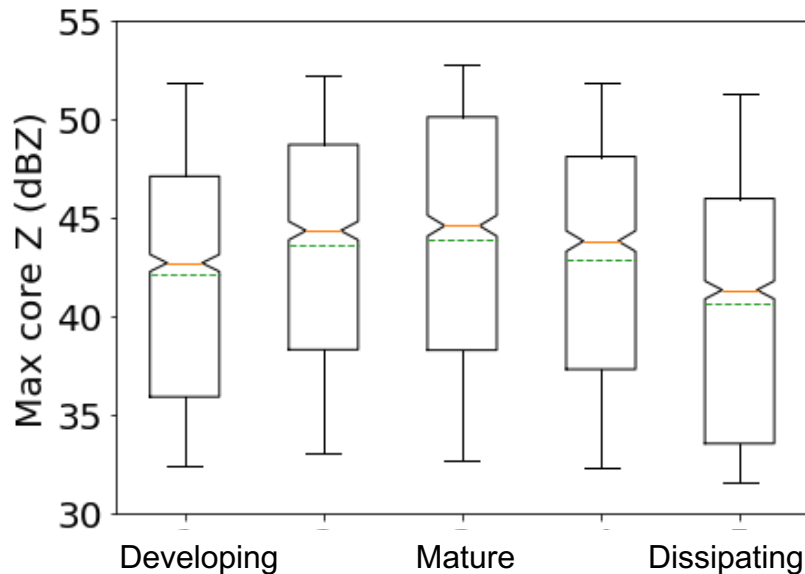
S-band radar reflectivity from GoAmazon used to track DCC cores using *tobac* (Heikenfeld et al., 2019)

Vertical velocity and mass flux from radar wind profiler examined over different stages of DCC lifetime.



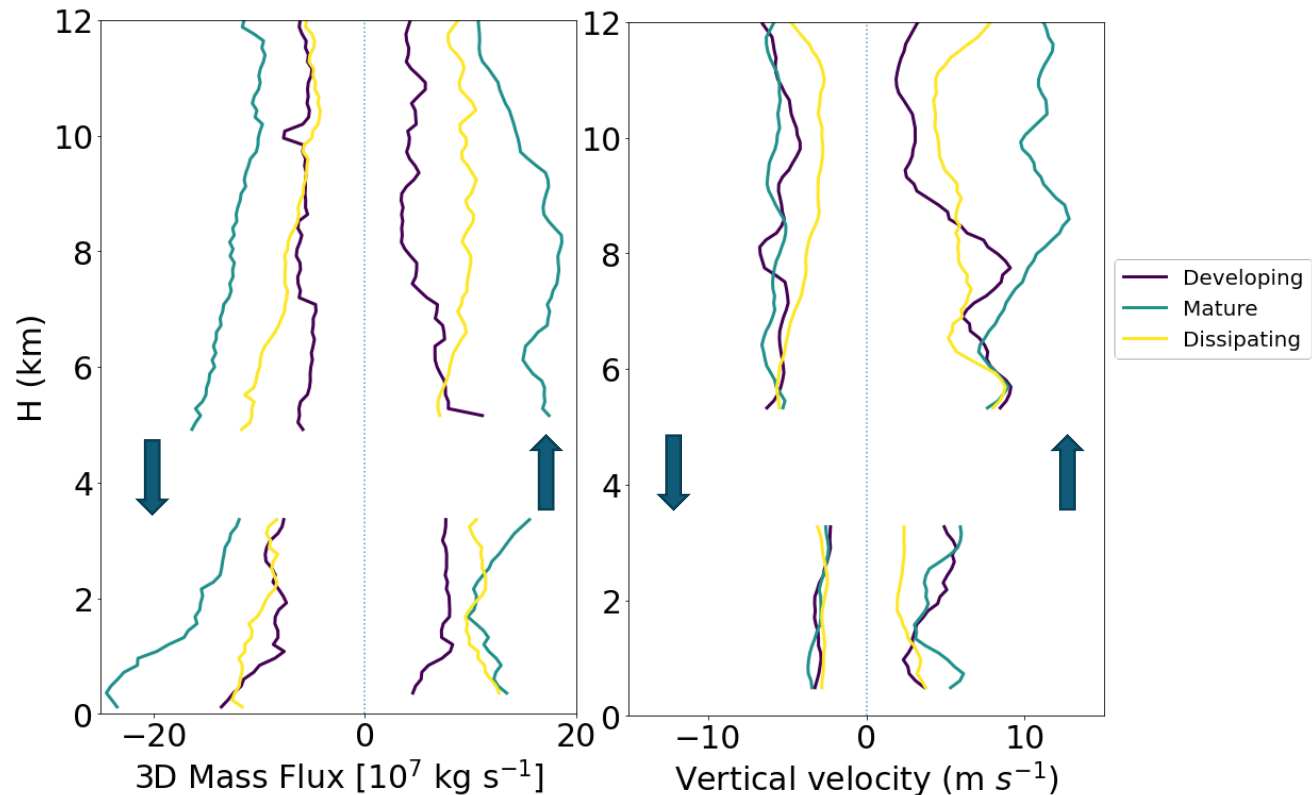
Isolated DCCs tracked for 2014/06/22

Cloud lifecycle stages



- Tracking DCCs within 100 km of radar wind profiler
- Convective core lifetime divided into 5 parts: *developing*, *early mature*, *mature*, *late mature*, and *dissipating* stages

Updraft/Downdraft intensity and Mass Flux



Using high-resolution radar wind profiler data (6s, $\sim 1\text{km}$)

- *Developing* – weak updrafts near surface, strong updrafts at mid-level and low mass flux (smaller cores)
- *Mature* – strongest up/downdrafts, highest mass fluxes
- *Dissipating* – weakest up/downdrafts, net downward mass flux at mid-levels

Summary

- Amazonia DCCs sampled by S-band radar and tracked using *tobac*
- Convective core lifetime classified into five lifecycle stages
- Strongest up/downdrafts and highest mass fluxes during convective mature stage

2-year dataset with high-resolution vertical velocity profiles, estimates of convective core motion/intensity, and ARM soundings/surface observations – unique dataset for model evaluation

Ongoing work

- Gupta et al. (in prep.) will examine DCC life cycle, precipitation, cold pools, convective organization and their variability across seasons*
- Tracking datasets being developed for SGP and TRACER domains using NEXRAD data to evaluate DCCs over different climate regimes**

**poster 98, **Dié Wang's poster*