



# Aerosol and gas chemistry in the Eastern North Atlantic during ACE-ENA

June 25, 2020

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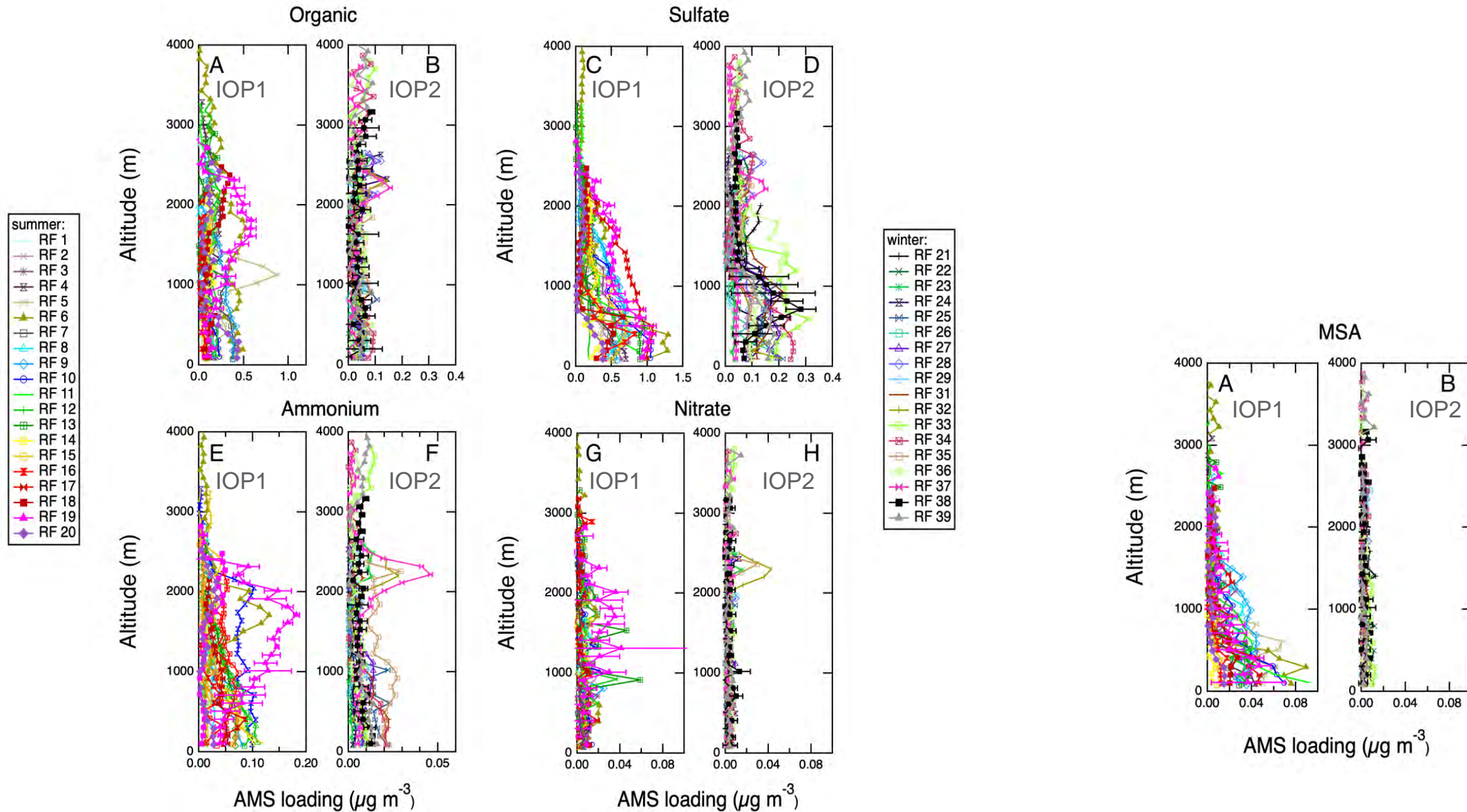
Yang Wang, Jian Wang, John Shilling



PNNL is operated by Battelle for the U.S. Department of Energy

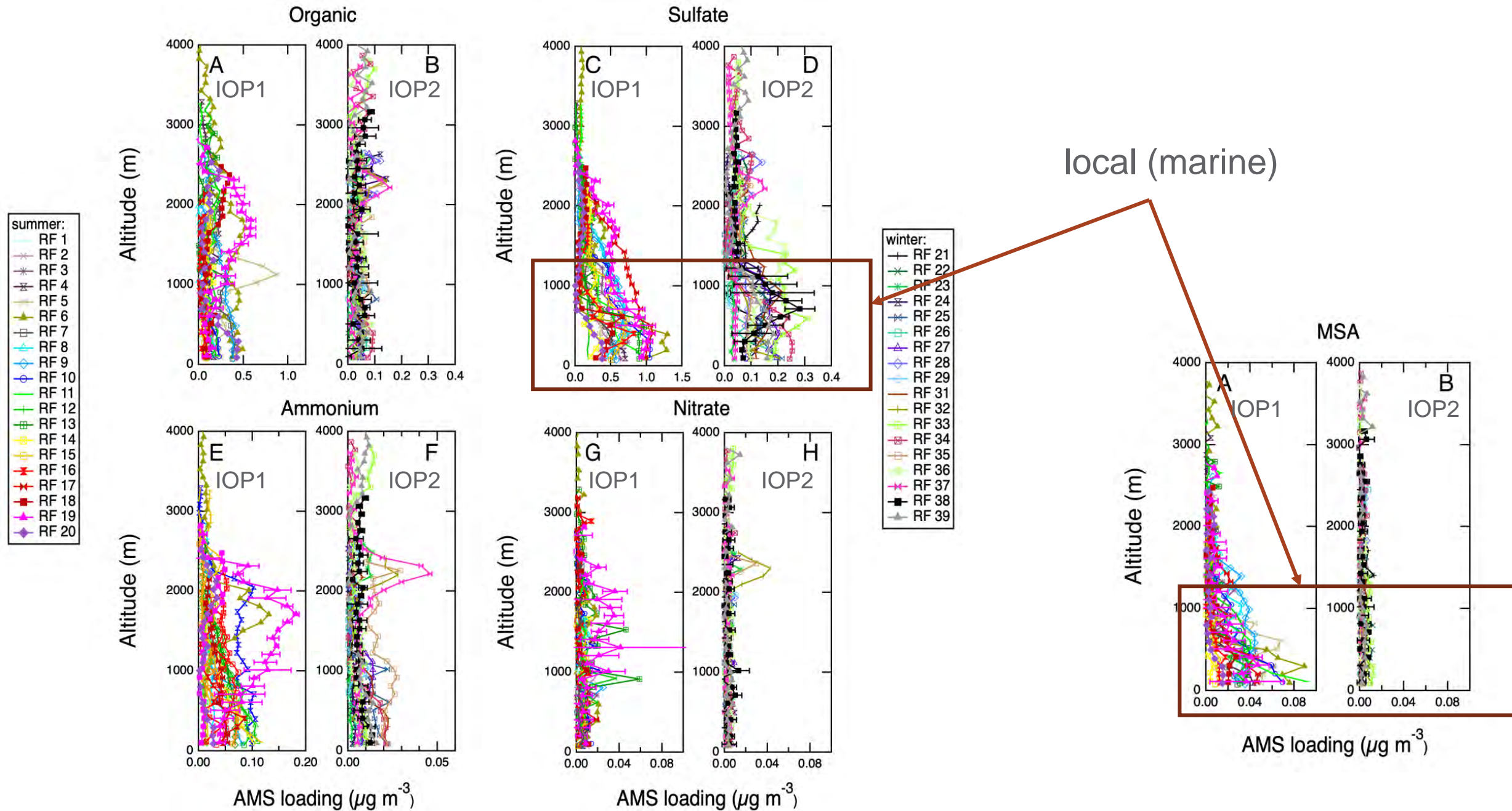


# In our previous work, aerosol chemistry vertical profiles revealed local and continental sources





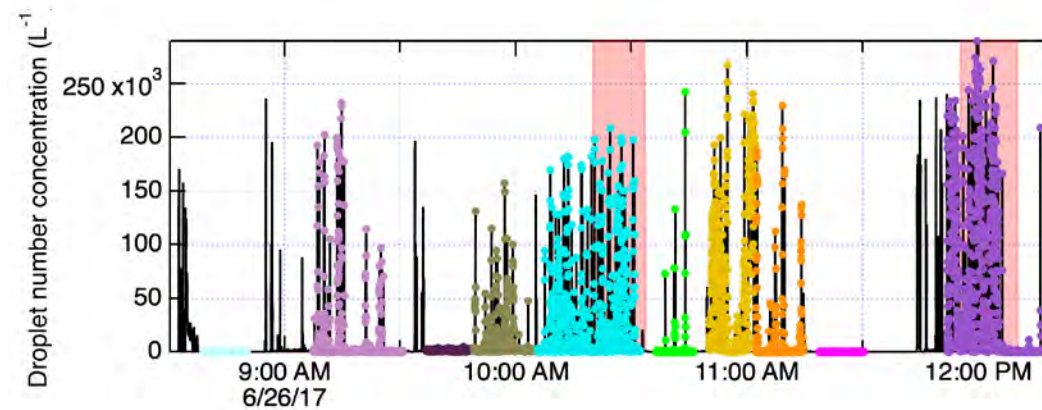
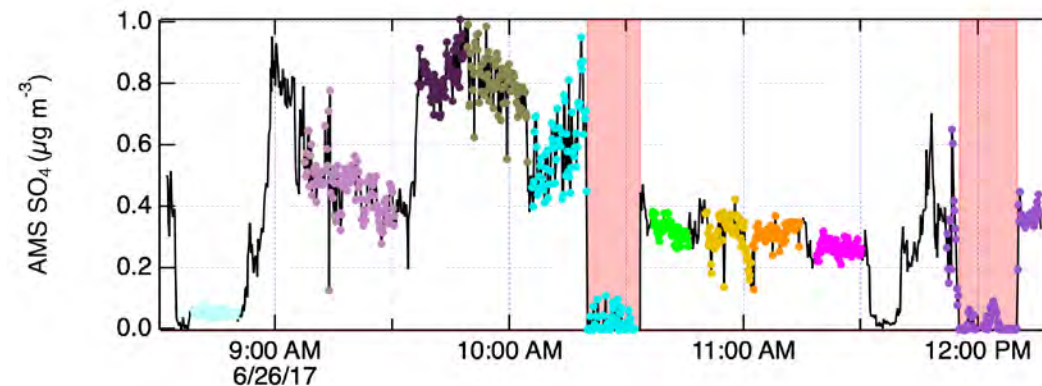
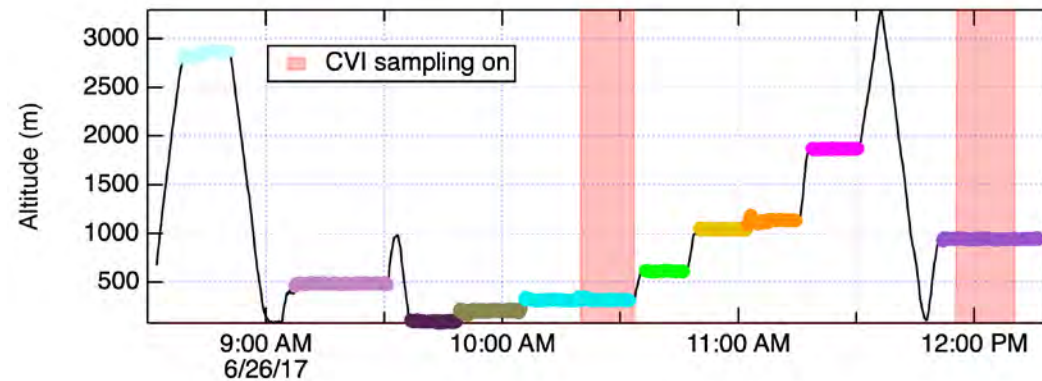
# In our previous work, aerosol chemistry vertical profiles revealed local and continental sources



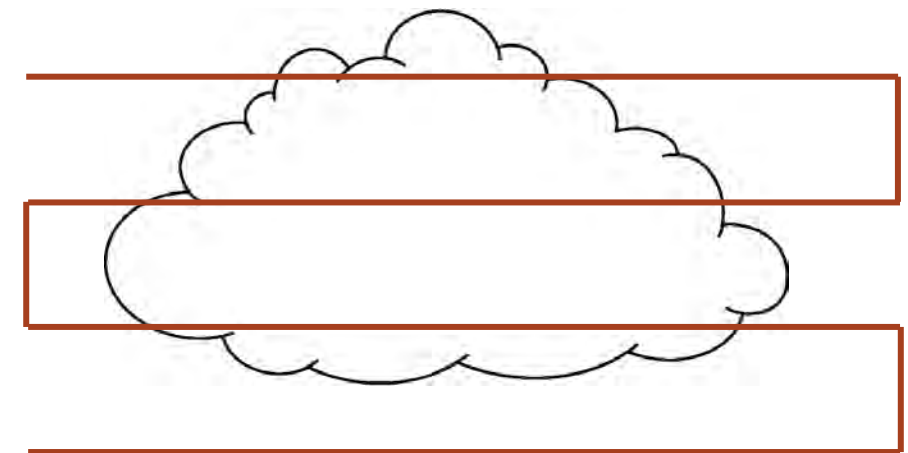
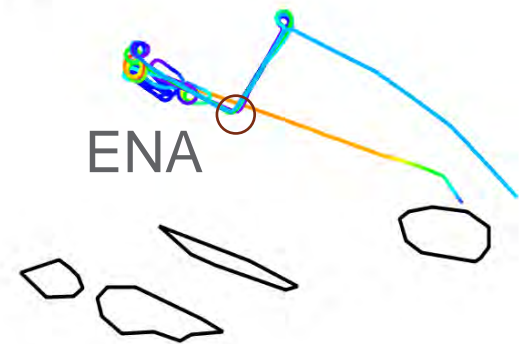
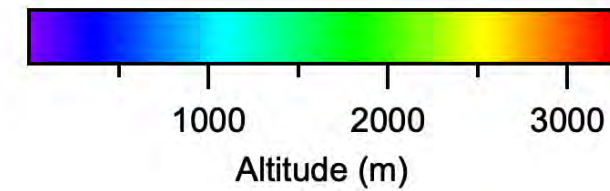




# Sampling strategy: in-cloud legs at different altitudes, on and off CVI

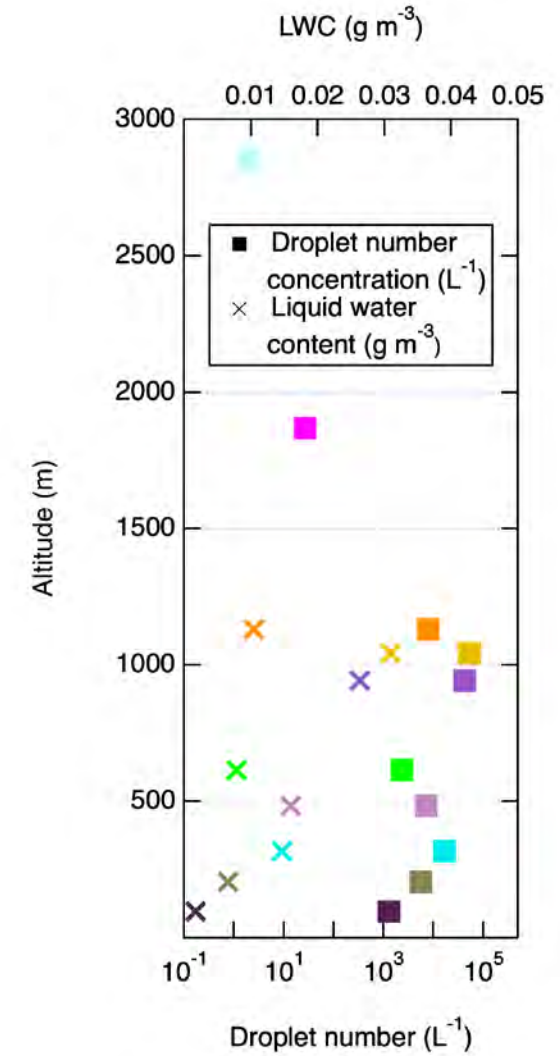
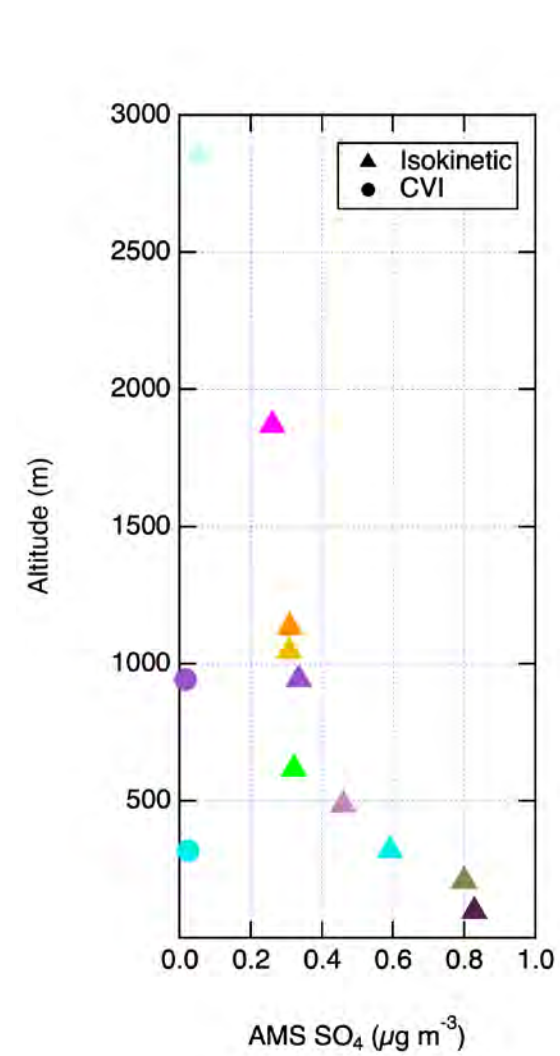
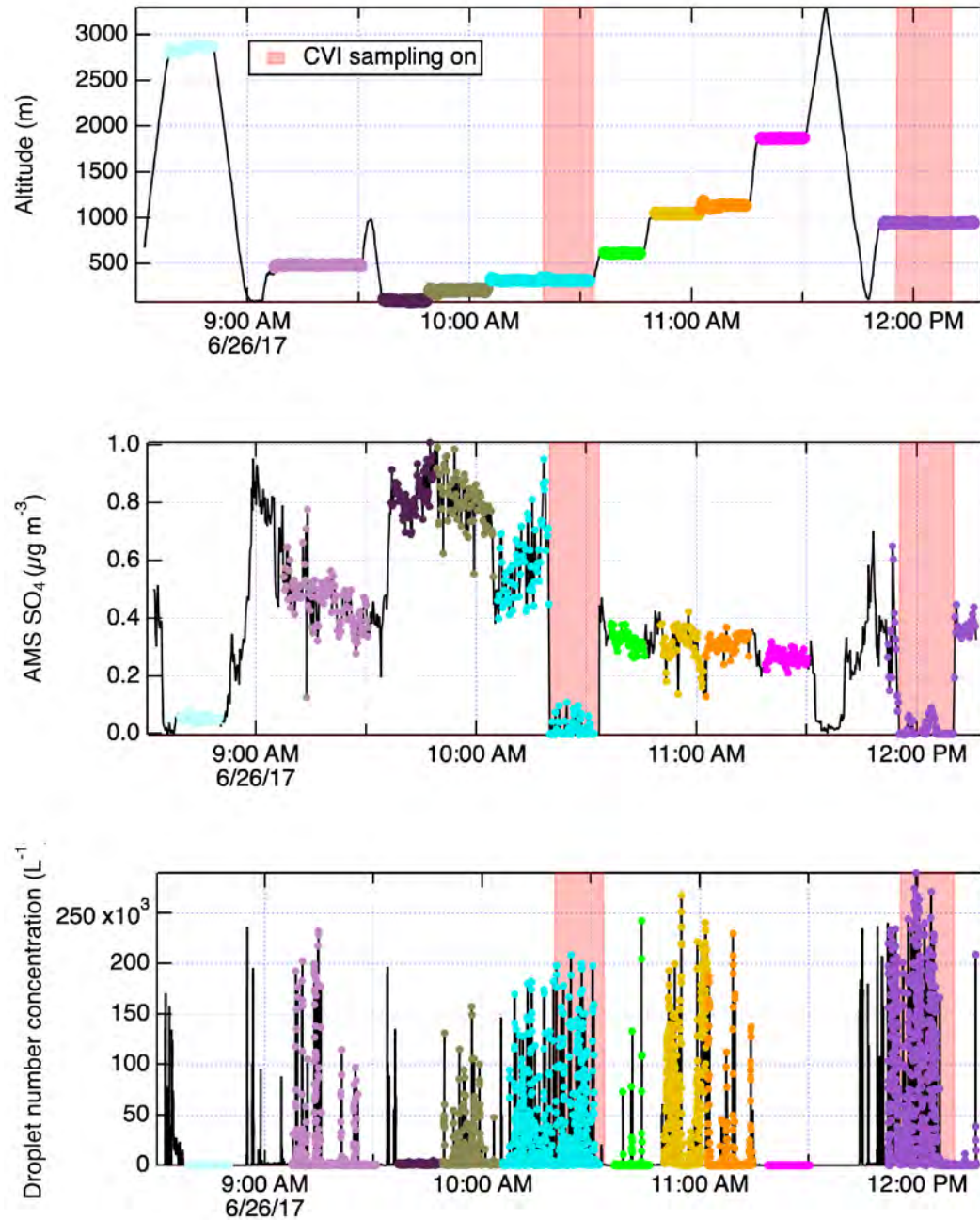


- A counter-flow virtual impactor (CVI) was used during ACE-ENA to sample cloud droplet residuals

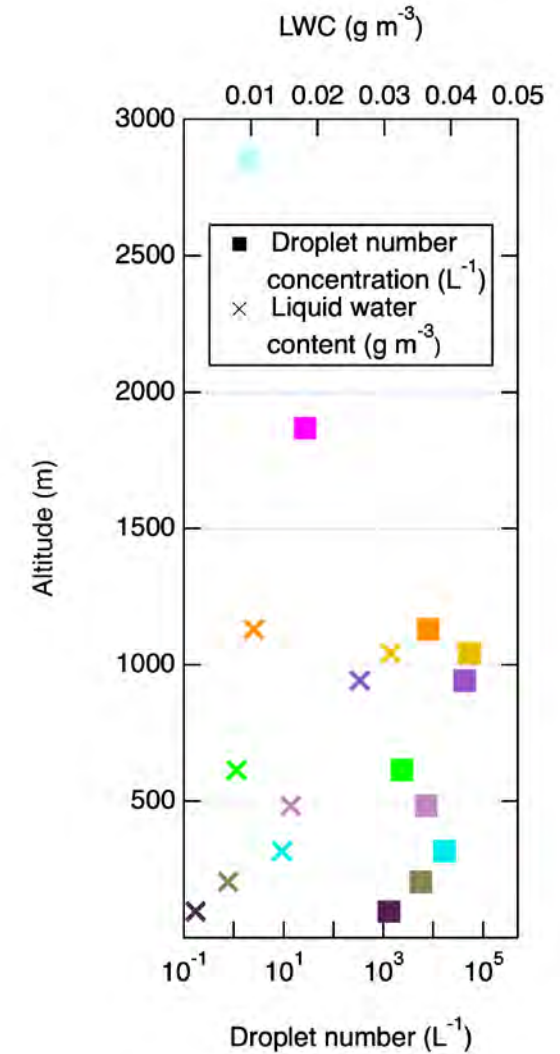
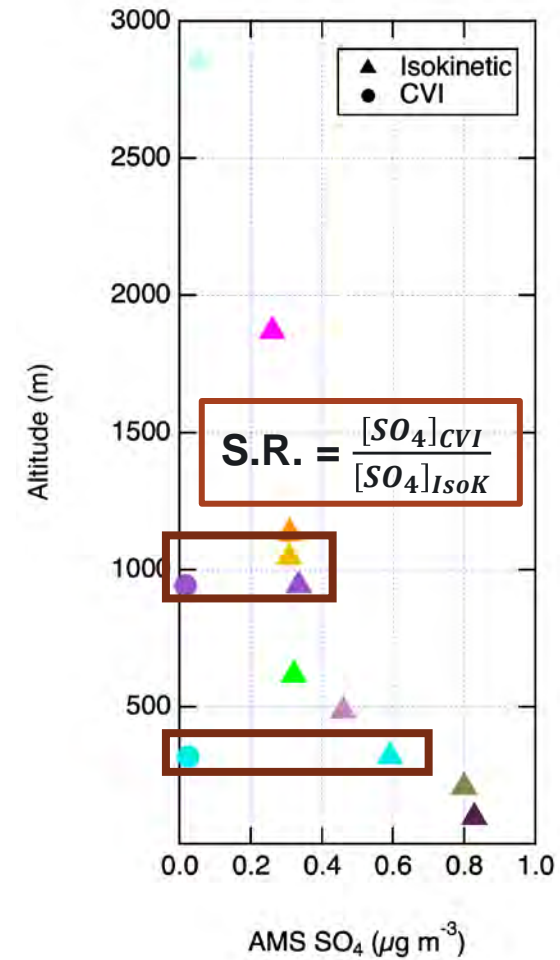
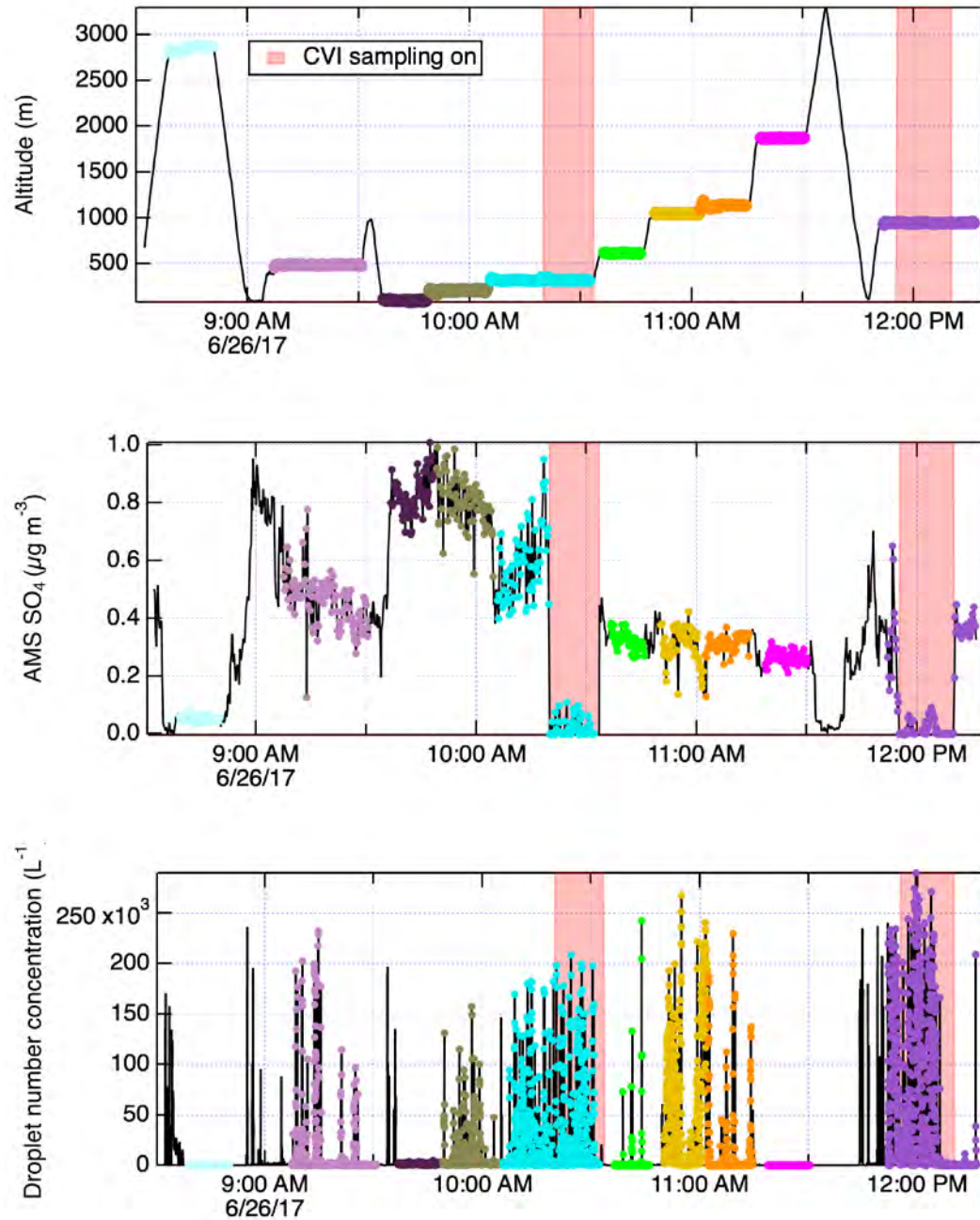




# We compare AMS $\text{SO}_4$ concentrations on- and off-CVI at similar altitudes

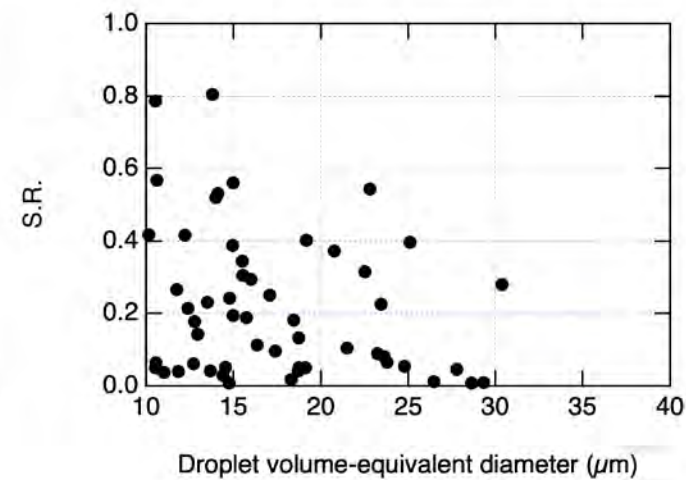
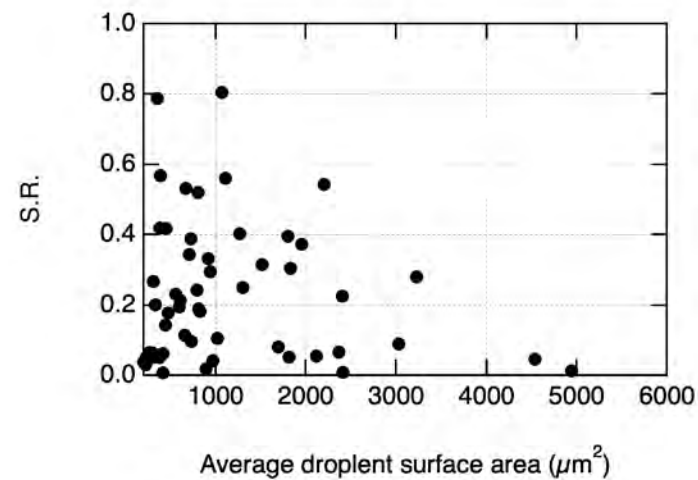
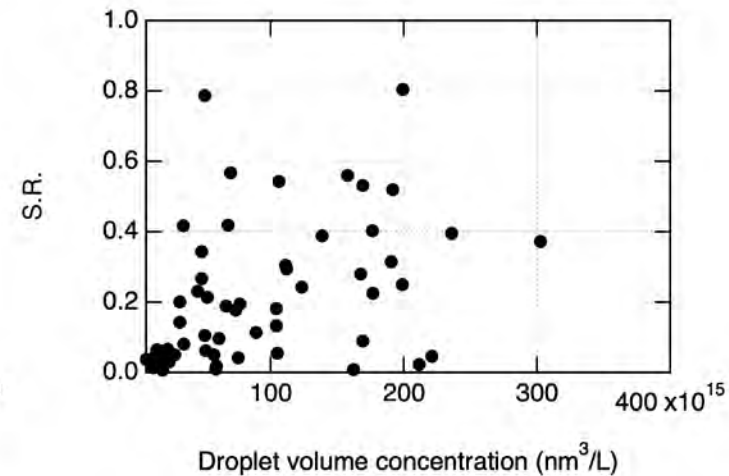
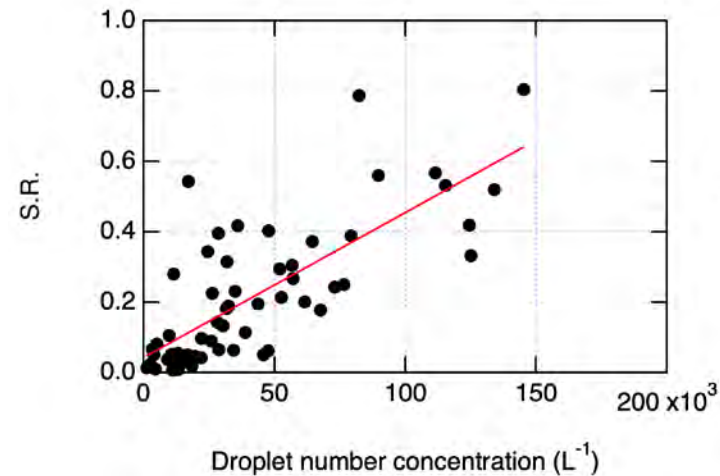


# We use this to calculate the scavenging ratio (S.R.)





# Correlations between S.R. and cloud droplet concentration and size

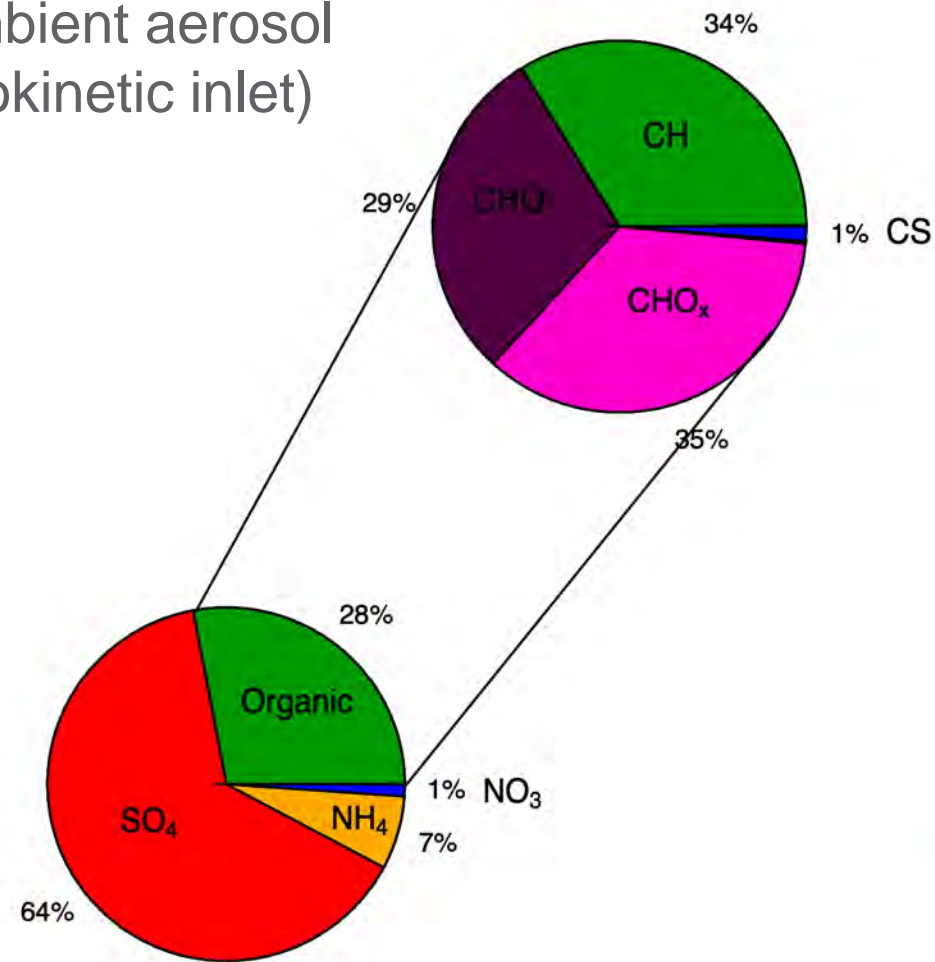


- Scavenging ratio was found to correlate with the cloud droplet number concentration ( $R^2 = 0.6$ )
- No correlation with volume concentration or average surface area or volume-equivalent diameter of droplets.

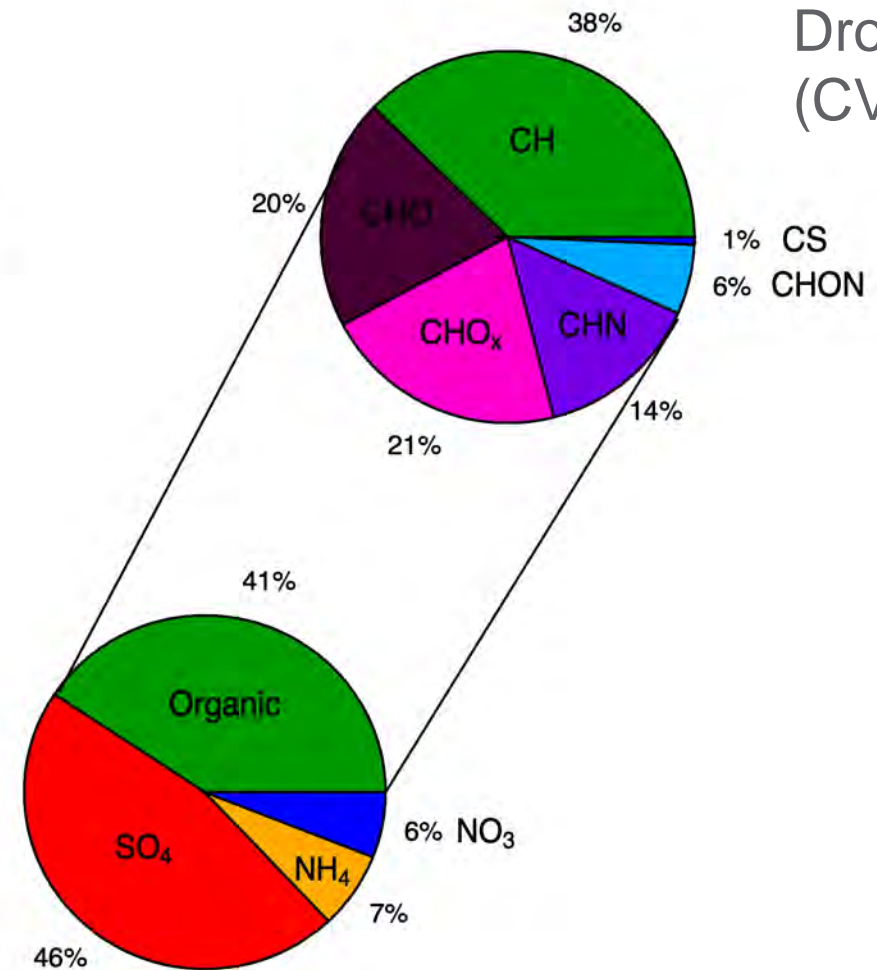


# Chemistry of the cloud droplet residuals is different from aerosols

Ambient aerosol  
(isokinetic inlet)

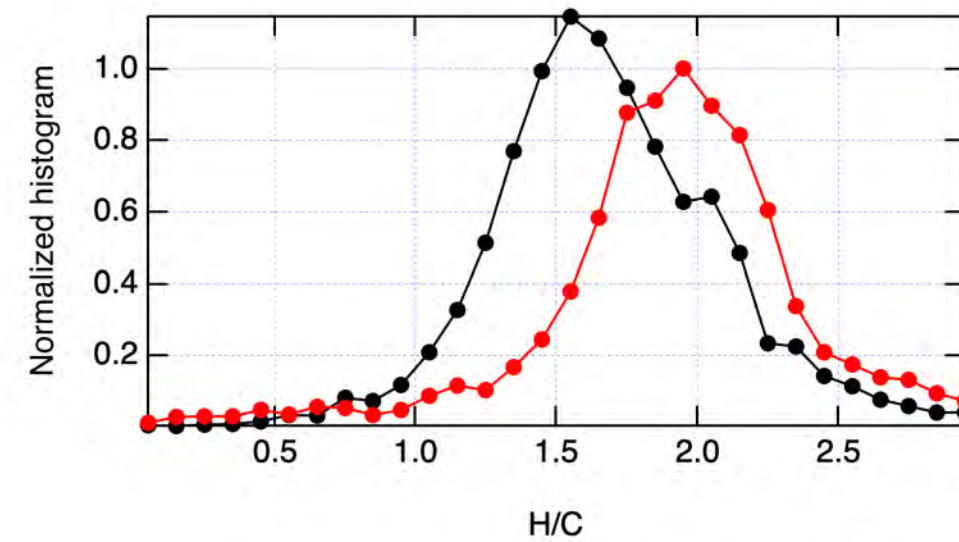
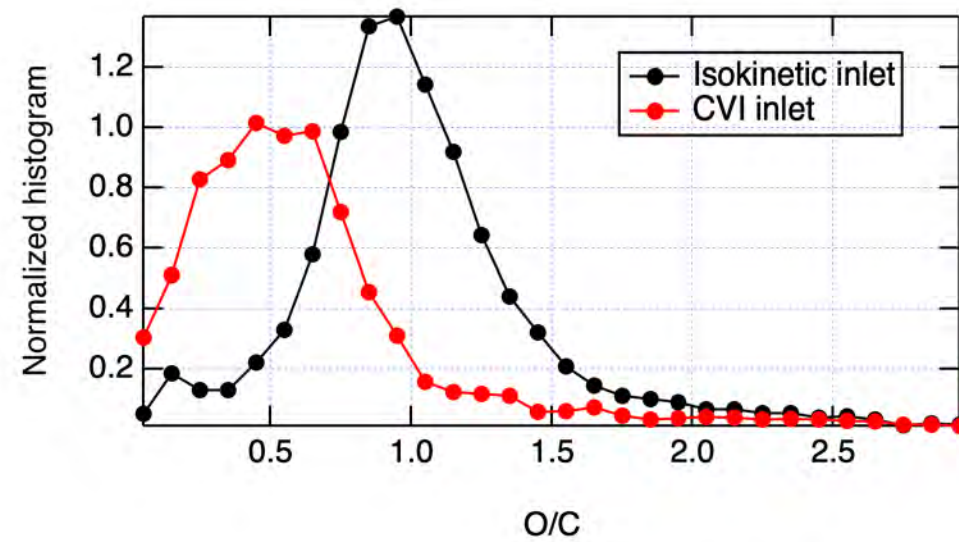


Droplet residuals  
(CVI inlet)



- Droplet residuals were found to be relatively enriched in nitrate and amines

# Chemistry of the cloud droplet residuals is different from aerosols



- Droplet residuals are less oxidized than ambient aerosol at ACE-ENA.





**Thank you**